

Oracle

1Z0-072 Exam

Oracle Database 12cR2 Administration Exam

**Questions & Answers
Demo**

Version: 10.0

Question: 1

The ORCL database has DEFERRED_SEGMENT_CREATION set to TRUE.
 UNDOTBS2 is the active undo tablespace.
 Examine these commands:

```
SQL> SELECT tablespace_name, status, retention
       FROM dba_tablespaces
       WHERE tablespace_name LIKE 'UNDO%';
```

TABLESPACE_NAME	STATUS	RETENTION
UNDOTBS1	ONLINE	NOGUARANTEE
UNDOTBS2	ONLINE	GUARANTEE

```
SQL> SELECT tablespace_name, autoextensible, bytes/1024/1024 "SIZE"
       FROM dba_data_files WHERE tablespace_name LIKE 'UNDO%';
```

TABLESPACE_NAME	AUTOEXTENSIBLE	SIZE
UNDOTB1	YES	70
UNDOTBS2	NO	2

USER1 executes DML, which generates more than 2 MB of UNDO.
 What is the result and why?

- A. It suspends the transaction, which can be resumed by increasing the size of UNDOTBS2.
- B. It returns an error because UNDOTBS2 is fixed size and has RETENTION GUARANTEE.
- C. It suspends the transaction, which can be resumed by increasing USER1's quota on UNDOTBS2.
- D. It returns an error because UNDOTBS2 has RETENTION GUARANTEE.
- E. It suspends the transaction, which can be resumed by setting UNDOTBS1 as the active undo tablespace.
- F. It returns an error because UNDOTBS2 is fixed size.

Answer: F

Question: 2

Which three failures require intervention for recovery? (Choose three.)

- A. a user error such as dropping the wrong table

- B. network interface card (NIC) failure
- C. user process failure
- D. statement failure
- E. media failure

Answer: A,C,E

Question: 3

Which three are true about Oracle Managed Files (OMF)? (Choose three.)

- A. If DB_CREATE_FILE_DEST is specified but DB_CREATE_ONLINE_LOG_DEST_n is not, the redo logs and control files are placed in DB_CREATE_FILE_DEST by default.
- B. If DB_RECOVERY_FILE_DEST is specified, at least two different locations must be specified for DB_CREATE_ONLINE_LOG_DEST_n.
- C. If only DB_CREATE_FILE_DEST is specified, only the data files and temp files are OMF.
- D. If DB_RECOVERY_FILE_DEST is specified but DB_CREATE_ONLINE_LOG_DEST_n is not, the redo logs and control files are placed in DB_RECOVERY_FILE_DEST by default.
- E. If DB_CREATE_ONLINE_LOG_DEST_1 is specified but DB_CREATE_FILE_DEST is not, the data files and temp files are placed in DB_CREATE_ONLINE_LOG_DEST_1 by default.
- F. If only DB_CREATE_ONLINE_LOG_DEST_n is specified, only the redo logs and control files are OMF.

Answer: A,B,F

Question: 4

Your client application and Oracle database are located on different hosts. Which statement is true about establishing a connection between them?

- A. Oracle Connection Manager must be installed on the client.
- B. Net service names must be configured on both the client and database servers.
- C. The Listener Control utility must be installed on the client if you are using the default listener on the server.
- D. Only Oracle Net can be used.
- E. Oracle Net Listener is required.

Answer: D

Question: 5

In the ORCL database, USER1 has unlimited quota on TBS1 and TBS2. The USER1.EMP table with primary key EMP_ENO_PK resides in TBS1. USER1.EMP_IDX residing in TBS2 is an index on U1.EMP.ENAME. TBS1 is exported from ORCL by using this command:
[oracle@host01 ~]\$ expdp system/oracle tablespace=tbs1 directory=exp_dir dumpfile=tbs1.dmp
The TESTDB database has a TBS1 tablespace but no TBS2.

The SYSTEM user in TESTDB executes this command:

```
[oracle@host01 ~]$ impdp system/oracle directory=exp_dir dumpfile=u1.dmp tablespace=tbs1
```

What is the result and why?

- A. It imports EMP, EMP_ENO_PK, and the unique index associated with EMP_ENO_PK and EMP_IDX.
- B. It imports only EMP, EMP_ENO_PK, and the unique index associated with EMP_ENO_PK.
- C. It fails because TESTDB has TBS1.
- D. It imports only EMP.
- E. It fails because TESTDB does not have TBS2 to create EMP_IDX.

Answer: B
