

Oracle

Exam 1z0-479

Oracle Access Management Suite Plus 11gEssentials

Verson: Demo

[Total Questions: 10]

Question No : 1

You have defined an application and its associated policies in Oracle Entitlements Server (OES) to protect your customer's banking application. This application is written in Java and deployed on WebLogic, using the WebLogic security module for integration. Using the policy simulator, your policy logic appears to be correct.

However, while testing, it appears that your authorization policies are not being applied and all authorization decisions are being returned as false from the security module.

Which two configuration settings in your OES admin console may be the cause if this problem? (Choose two.)

- A. The security module is configured to pull policies instead of having policies pushed to it.
- B. The application has not been associated with the security module in the OES admin console.
- C. The security module was not registered correctly when config.sh was run.
- D. You have not distributed the policies in the OES admin console.
- E. The security module has not been started.

Answer: B,D

Question No : 2

View the Exhibits.

Exhibit 1

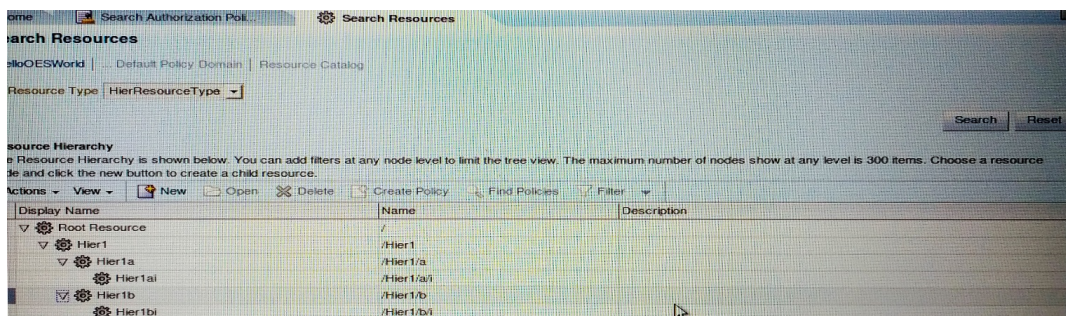
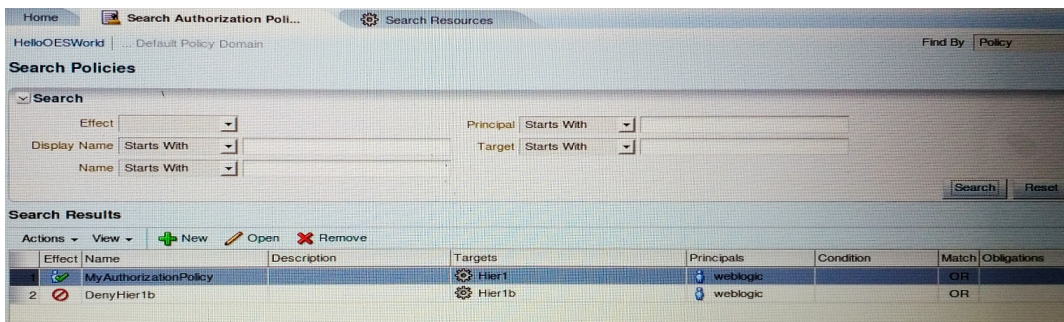


Exhibit 2



You have created a set of hierarchical resources in Oracle Entitlements Server and an associated set of authorization policies as shown in the Exhibits.

You execute a newQueryPepRequest in order to evaluate exactly which resources the weblogic user has access to.

Which three hierarchical resources can user access? (Choose three.)

- A. /Hier1
- B. /Hier1/a
- C. /Hier1/b
- D. /Hier1/a/i
- E. /Hier1/b/i

Answer: A,B,D

Question No : 3

Which statement is true about a single sign-on operation initiated from a Service Provider using SAML 2.0 in Oracle Identity Federation (OIF)?

- A. Oracle Access Manager is required as a Service Provider integration module.
- B. An Oracle Access Manager WebGate is needed to protect the target web resource and redirect requests to OIF.
- C. HTTP post binding is only supported.
- D. Any HTTP request hitting the target resource is redirected to the Service Provider's OIF instance.

Answer: A

Question No : 4

Identify three uses of the Knowledge-Based Authentication functionality provided by Oracle Adaptive Access Manager.

- A. first authentication for forgot password
- B. second factor authentication for change password
- C. offline SMS PIN-based authentication
- D. high risk user authentication
- E. user authorization

Answer: A,B,C

Question No : 5

Which service does the Session Management Engine (SME) use internally to provide a high performance, distributed caching system, and to enable the monitoring and management of user sessions in real time?

- A. Oracle ADF
- B. Oracle Coherence
- C. WebGates
- D. Oracle Adaptive Access Manager

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Session Management Engine (SME) of Access Manager internally uses Oracle Coherence, a high performance distributed caching system, to enable the monitoring and management of millions of user sessions across the enterprise in real time. Oracle Coherence replicates and distributes session data across all Access Manager run-time servers in the cluster and also communicates changes from the console to the run-time servers. The location of a session is transparent to the client. All Oracle Coherence traffic is automatically encrypted and it also performs automatic failover and reconciliation. For example, if one of the nodes in a cluster fails, Oracle Coherence automatically distributes data from the failed node to the distributed in-memory caches of the other nodes in the cluster.

Question No : 6

Identify three required steps for configuring OAM-OAAM basic integration.

- A. Set the OAAMEnabled property to true in oam-config.xml.
- B. Target the OAAM JDBC data source to the OAM Managed Server.
- C. Protected a resource in an authentication policy using the OAAMBasic authentication scheme.
- D. Install SOA Suite and configure the Unified Messaging Service (UMS) delivery channel for One Time Pin (OTP).
- E. Install and configure Oracle Entitlements Server (OES).

Answer: A,B,C

Question No : 7

You are configuring Oracle Entitlements Server (OES) and have a requirement to make a connection to an external Policy Information Point (PIP) in order to retrieve an attribute for use in a condition.

You need to modify the security module configuration to configure the PIP. Which two options do you have for making this modification?

- A. Configure the PIP settings in your OES policy and distribute it to each security module as part of the policy distribution.
- B. Manually edit the jps-config.xml file on each security module.
- C. Use the OES admin console to define the PIP settings and write them to a database for each security module to retrieve during bootstrap.
- D. Use the SMConfig UI to configure the settings.

Answer: B,D

Question No : 8

Which statement is true about moving Oracle Access Management Mobile and Social from a test environment to a production environment?

- A. A new application profile needs to be created always for Internet Identity Services.
- B. The ChallengeRedirect URL in authentication schemes needs to be updated.
- C. Thecwallet.ssofile needs to be edited for the production host.
- D. Themerge-creds.xmlfile needs to be created on the production host.

Answer: B

Question No : 9

Which Oracle Access Management Suite Plus 11g service provides Access Management components the ability to share information during a user's session that enables security decisions?

- A. Security Token Service
- B. Oracle WSM Agent
- C. Policy Context
- D. Identity Context

Answer: B

Explanation:

https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E40329_01/admin.1112/e27239/osts_intro.htm#AIAAG5318

Question No : 10

What is the purpose of the extractMovePlan Script when moving an Oracle Access Management environment from to production?

- A. It extracts configuration information from the archive created on the source environment into XML files, which can be edited for the destination environment.
- B. It extracts the binary files from the archive created on the source environment into the

destination environment.

C. It extracts the configuration files from the archive created on the source environment into the destination environment.

D. It extracts the distribution at a mount point.

Answer: C