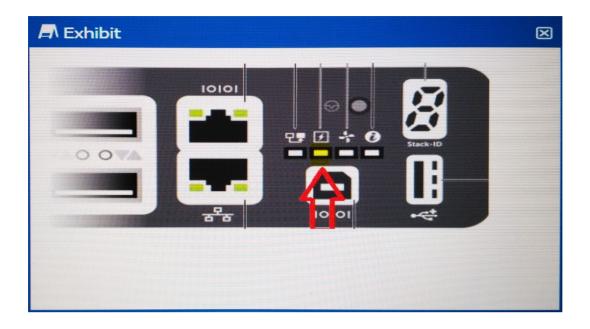
DellExam DNDNS-200

Dell Networking Professional

Verson: Demo

[Total Questions: 10]



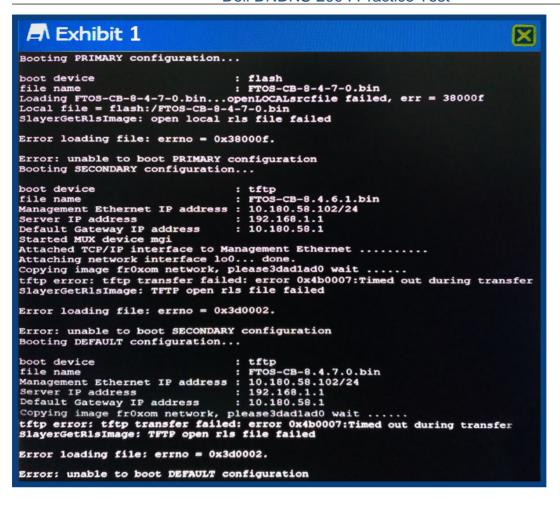
Refer to the exhibit.

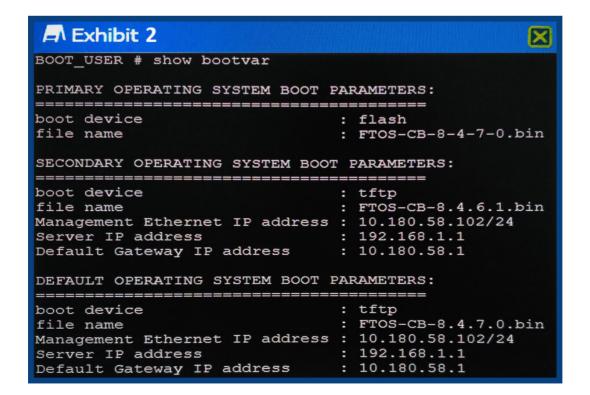
A network engineer is installing a new Dell S-Series switch on the rack and notices that the Power LED is blinking yellow. What is causing this behavior on the switch?

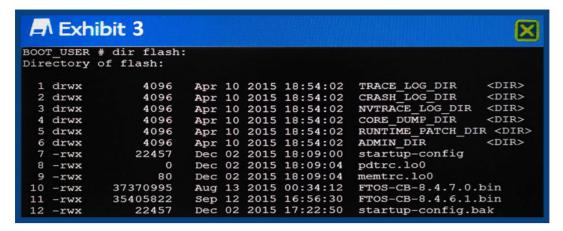
- A. One of the fans has failed.
- **B.** One of the power supplies has failed.
- **C.** The switch is still rebooting.
- **D.** A problem has occurred with the stack cables.

Answer: B

Question No: 2







Refer to the exhibits.

A customer upgrades its C-Series switch and is experiencing a constant boot loop.

Which two options allow the switch to boot successfully using the newer firmware? (Choose two.)

A.

В.

C.

D.

E.

Answer: A,E

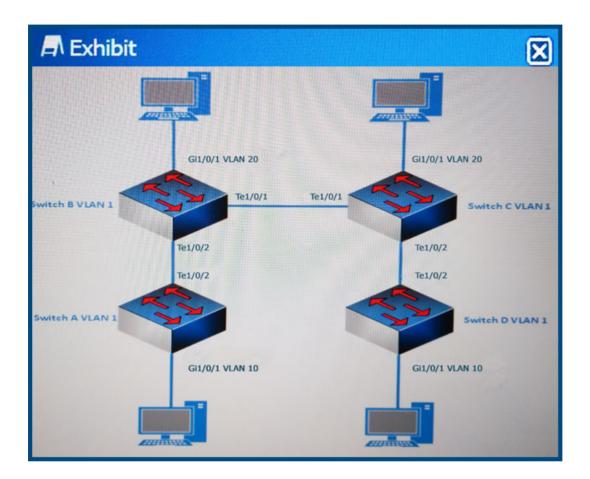
Question No: 3

A new switch is already configured with an IP address and is reachable within the network. SSH and HTTPS are verified. The network engineer needs to disable HTTP for switch management.

What is the correct command?

- A. console# no ip https server
- B. console(config)# no ip http server
- C. console# no ip http server
- **D.** console(config)#ip http server disable

Answer: B



Refer to the exhibit.

The trunk links are being over utilized. A network engineer needs to resolve the issue by pruning the trunk links of unnecessary vlans. Each switch must be management accessible via VLAN 1.

What are the allowed vlans on each trunk link?

- **A.** Switch A [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1, 10, 20]Switch B [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1, 10, 20] [Te1/0/1 allowed VLAN 1, 10, 20]Switch C [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1, 10, 20] [Te1/0/1 allowed VLAN 1, 10, 20]Switch D [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1, 10, 20]
- **B.** Switch A [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1-4096]Switch B [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1-4096] [Te1/0/1 allowed VLAN 1-4096]Switch C [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1-4096] [Te1/0/1 allowed VLAN 1-4096]Switch D [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1-4096]
- C. Switch A [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1, 10]Switch B [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1, 10] [Te1/0/1 allowed VLAN 1, 10, 20]Switch C [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1, 10] [Te1/0/1 allowed VLAN 1, 10, 20]Switch D [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 1, 10]

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D. Switch A [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 10]Switch B [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 10] [Te1/0/1 allowed VLAN 10, 20]Switch C [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 10] [Te1/0/1 allowed VLAN 10, 20]Switch D [Te1/0/2 allowed VLAN 10]

Answer: A

Question No:5

A network engineer needs to summarize the IP range of addresses from 172.16.32.0 to 172.16.35.255.

What is the most effective choice?

A. 172.16.32.0/23

B. 172.16.32.0/21

C. 172.16.32.0/22

D. 172.16.32.0/20

Answer: C

Question No: 6

A network engineer configures a new S-Series switch. When the network engineer reloads the switch, the running configuration is defaulted.

What is the most likely cause of the default running configuration?

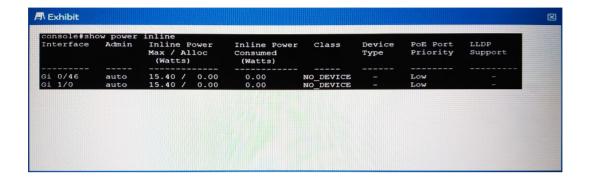
- **A.** The network engineer needs to upload a running config file from a USB drive.
- **B.** The flash memory is corrupt and the switch needs to be replaced.
- **C.** The switch was left in BMP mode.
- **D.** The switch could not find a default FTP server for a configuration file.

Answer: C

Explanation:

References:

http://www.dell.com/support/article/us/en/04/HOW10374



Refer to the exhibit.

A customer has a C-Series chassis using a 48-port PoE+ line card. A workstation connected to Gi 0/47 passes traffic as expected. When the customer connects a PoE phone to the interface, the phone does NOT power up.

Which configuration should a network engineer set on the Gi 0/47 interface to provide power to the phone?

- A. console(conf-if-gi-0/47)#auto power inline
- B. console(conf-if-gi-0/47)#power inline on
- **C.** console(conf-if-gi-0/47)#power inline auto
- **D.** console(conf-if-gi-0/47)#power priority inline auto

Answer: C

Question No:8

```
C:\Users\Admin>
C:\Users\Admin>ipconfig /all
Windows IP Configuration
                                                : CampusØ1-PC7-PC
: Hybrid
: No
: No
     Ethernet adapter Wireless LAN:
     onnection-specific DNS Suffix
                                                  Intel(R) PRO/1000 MT Network Connection
     hysical Address.

HCP Enabled.

utoconfiguration Enabled

ink-local IPv6 Address.

Pv4 Address.

ubnet Mask.

efault Gateway.

NS Servers.
                                                  09-50-56-88-08-54

No

Yes

680::e0b4:3e84:262a:1619×13(Preferred)

192.168.20.101(Preferred)

255-255.0

fe80::17:c5ff fed8:b840×13

fec0:0:0:ffff::1×1

fec0:0:0:ffff::3×1

Enabled
   NetBIOS over Tcpip. . . .
Ethernet adapter Public LAN:
      nnection-specific DNS Suffix
     Intel(R) PRO/1000 MT Network Connection 00-50-56-A8-F4-4A
                                                  00-50-55-H8-F4-m
No
Yes
fe80::248b:ae27:4a60:c510×11(Preferred)
192.168.13.101(Preferred)
255.255.255.0
                                                   234901590
00-01-00-01-1C-DA-F1-05-00-50-56-A8-F4-46
   [unnel adapter isatap.<D3A78BDE-CDFF-46E0-A987-8C9B434F09AC>:
   C:\Users\Admin>
```

```
n4032a#show mac address-table
Aging time is 300 Sec
Vlan
         Mac Address
                                Type
                                            Port
         000B.866E.A1DC
                                Dynamic
                                            Te1/0/11
         000B.866E.A1DD
                                            Te1/0/11
                               Dynamic
         0017.C5D8.B840
                                            Te1/0/15
                               Dynamic
         001A.1E00.4CC8
                               Dynamic
                                            Te1/0/13
         001A.1E00.4CC9
                                            Te1/0/13
                               Dynamic
         001A.1E00.4D28
                                Dynamic
                                            Te1/0/12
         0217.C5D8.B840
                               Dynamic
                                            Te1/0/15
         90B1.1CF4.3518
                               Dynamic
                                            Te1/1/4
         90B1.1CF4.35C6
                                            Te1/1/2
                               Dynamic
                                            Te1/0/6
         F8B1.5632.AD83
                               Dynamic
         F8B1.564D.A082
                               Dynamic
                                            Te1/0/14
         F8B1.5654.3E48
                               Management
                                            V11
Total MAC Addresses in use: 12
n4032a#
```

Refer to the exhibits.

A network engineer has worked with PC support to install a new PC. After correctly configuring the PC's interfaces with valid IP addresses, the PC is not able to ping other devices on the 192.168.13.0/24 network.

The output from the PC after executing the command ipconfig /all is below:

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The network engineer executes the command show mac address-table on the N-series switch to which the PC is connected.

The output of the show mac address-table command is below.

What are two reasons that the PC is unable to ping other devices? (Choose two.)

- **A.** The ARP table is corrupt on the PC and is not allowing the PC to register its MAC address with the switch.
- **B.** The default gateway needs to be configured for the network 192.168.13.0/24 to ping devices on the 192.168.13.0/24 network.
- **C.** The switch has not seen traffic from the PC and does not have an entry in the mac address table for the PC.
- **D.** The switch is not registering MAC addresses in the MAC address table and needs to be reset.
- **E.** The port on the N-Series switch that the PC is connected to is shut down.

Answer: A,C

Question No:9

On an N-Series switch, which three outputs display when a network engineer runs the command show system? (Choose three.)

- A. Interface status
- **B.** OS version
- C. Unit Temperature state
- **D.** Fan status
- E. System name
- F. VLAN information

Answer: C,D,E

Explanation:

References:

Dell Networking N-Series N1500, N2000, N3000, and N4000 Switches User's

Configuration Guide. Page: 142

A customer needs to convert S-Series stacked switches to a VLT configuration to maintain port-channels from the customer's server. The customer's S-Series stack currently uses IEEE 802.1d. The customer wants to upgrade to a faster converging protocol. The servers that connect to the stack use static port-channels, but the customer wants to be IEEE 802.3ad compliant. The customer has approved a maintenance window for the weekend to make these changes.

A network engineer has been given the following plan:

- Confirm the timings of the change window with the customer
- Upgrade the firmware of the S-Series switches
- Configure the single-domain VLT peers
- Configure the port-channels down to the customer's servers
- Utilize all existing cabling to proceed with the plan

Based on the provided plan, which two pieces of information does the engineer need to proceed? (Choose two.)

- A. the requirement of IEEE 802.1w for VLT Support
- B. the time-out value for ARP-cache
- C. the version of VLT that is required to meet IEEE 802.1s compliance
- **D.** the requirement for servers to actively negotiate an IEEE 802.3ad LAG
- E. the new 802.1s bridge priority after the cutover
- **F.** the static mac-address assignment to ensure that all end servers are aware of the Root Bridge

Answer: E,F