| Question: 1  |  |
|--|--|
| What is the name of the group normal change process?   | o that should review changes that must be implemented faster thanthe   |
| A. Technical management B. Emergency change advisory C. Urgent change board  | v board  |
| D. Urgent change authority   |  |
|  | Answer: B  |
| Question: 2  |  |
| Which of the following is NOT  | an objective of service transition?  |
| B. To provide training and cert<br>C. To provide quality knowled   | be operated, managed and supported ification in project management ge and information about services and service assets bacity and resource requirements to manage a release |
|  |  |
|  | Answer: B  |
| Question: 3  |  |
|  | Answer: B  ypes of service should be included in the scope of service red  |
| Which of the following to portfoliomanagement?  1. Those planned to be delivered.  | Answer: B  ypes of service should be included in the scope of service red  |
| Which of the following to portfoliomanagement?  1. Those planned to be delivered.  2. Those being delivered.  3. Those that have been withd.  A. 1 and 3 only.  B. All of the above.  C. 1 and 2 only. | Answer: B  ypes of service should be included in the scope of service red  |

The BEST description of an incident is:

- A. An unplanned disruption of service unless there is a backup to that service
- B. An unplanned interruption to service or a reduction in the quality of service
- C. Any disruption to service whether planned or unplanned
- D. Any disruption to service that is reported to the service desk, regardless of whether the serviceis

| impacted or not  |          |         |             |        |       |         |        | -       | Answer: I   | В          |
|--|----------|---------|-------------|--------|-------|---------|--------|---------|-------------|------------|
| Question: 5  |          |         |             |        |       |         |        |         |             |            |
| Which one of the follow improvementapproach?   | ing is   | the     | CORRECT     | set    | of    | steps   | for    | the     | continual   | service    |
| A. Devise a strategy; Design th  | ie solut | ion; Tr | ansition in | to pro | ducti | ion; Op | erat   | e the : | solution;Co | ntinually  |
| improve B. Where do we want to be?;  | How do   | we g    | et there?;  | How d  | lo we | check   | we     | arrive  | d?; How do  | wekeep     |
| the momentum going? C. Identify the required busin   | occ out  | como    | e Plan how  | to ac  | hiov  | o the c | utco   | mac:    | Implement   | thonlant   |
| Check the plan has been prop   |          |         |             |        |       |         | utco   | illes,  | шрешеш      | triepiari, |
| D. What is the vision?; Where get there?; How do we keep t                                 |          |         |             | we w   | ant t | to be?; | How    | do w    | e get there | ?; Didwe   |
|  |          |         |             |        |       |         |        | -       | Answer: I   | D          |
| Question: 6  |          |         |             |        |       |         |        |         |             |            |
| When can a known error reco  1. At any time it would be use  2. After a workaround has bee | ful to d | o so    |             |        |       |         |        |         |             |            |
| A. 2 only  |          |         |             |        |       |         |        |         |             |            |
| B. 1 only  |          |         |             |        |       |         |        |         |             |            |
| C. Neither of the above D. Both of the above   |          |         |             |        |       |         |        |         |             |            |
|  |          |         |             |        |       |         |        | -       | Answer: I   | D          |
| Question: 7  |          |         |             |        |       |         |        |         |             |            |
| What body exists to support theassessment and prioritizat                                  |          |         |             | hange  | es an | id to a | ıssist | chan    | ge manage   | ement in   |
| A. The change authorization b  | oard     |         |             |        |       |         |        |         |             |            |
|  |          |         |             |        |       |         |        |         |             |            |
| B. The change advisory board C. The change implementer                                     |          |         |             |        |       |         |        |         |             |            |

Question: 8

Answer: B

| Which process is responsible for discussing reports with customers sh met their targets? | owing whether serviceshave |
|--|----------------------------|
| A. Continual service improvement   |                            |
| B. Change management   |                            |
| C. Service level management  |                            |
| D. Availability management   |                            |
| -  | Answer: C                  |
|  |                            |
| Question: 9  |                            |
| What do customer perceptions and business outcomes help to define?                       |                            |
| A. The value of a service  |                            |
| B. Governance  |                            |
| C. Total cost of ownership (TCO)   |                            |
| D. Key performance indicators (KPIs)   |                            |
| -  | Answer: A                  |
|  |                            |
| Question: 10   |                            |
| Which of the following are basic concepts used in access management?                     |                            |
| A. Personnel, electronic, network, emergency, identity                                   |                            |
| B. Rights, access, identity, directory services, service/service component               | S                          |
| C. Physical, personnel, network, emergency, service                                      |                            |
| D. Normal, temporary, emergency, personal, group   |                            |
| -  | Answer: B                  |
| -  |                            |
| Question: 11   |                            |
| Which of these statements about resources and capabilities is CORRECT?                   | ?                          |
| A. Resources are types of service asset and capabilities are not                         |                            |
| B. Resources and capabilities are both types of service asset                            |                            |
| C. Capabilities are types of service asset and resources are not                         |                            |
| D. Neither capabilities nor resources are types of service asset                         |                            |
| -  | Answer: B                  |
| -  |                            |
| Question: 12   |                            |

| Within service design, what is the key output handed over to service tra   | nsition?                         |
|--|----------------------------------|
| <ul><li>A. Measurement, methods and metrics</li><li>B. Service design package</li><li>C. Service portfolio design</li><li>D. Process definitions</li></ul>                             |                                  |
|  | Answer: B                        |
| Question: 13   |                                  |
| What should a service always deliver to customers?   |                                  |
| A. Applications B. Infrastructure C. Value D. Resources  |                                  |
|  | Answer: C                        |
| Question: 14   |                                  |
| Which process is responsible for the availability, confidentiality and integrated  | grity of data?                   |
| <ul><li>A. Service catalogue management</li><li>B. Service asset and configuration management</li><li>C. Change management</li><li>D. Information security management</li></ul>        |                                  |
|  | Answer: D                        |
|  |                                  |
| Question: 15   |                                  |
| Question: 15  Availability management is directly responsible for the availability of wh   | ich of the following?            |
|  | ich of the following?            |
| Availability management is directly responsible for the availability of wh  A. IT services and components  B. IT services and business processes  C. Components and business processes | ich of the following?  Answer: A |