

Netapp

NS0-593 Exam

NetApp Certified Support Engineer ONTAP Specialist

**Questions & Answers
Demo**

Version: 4.0

Question: 1

When you review performance data for a NetApp ONTAP cluster node, there are back-to-back (B2B) type consistency points (CPs) found occurring on the root aggregate.

In this scenario, how will performance of the client operations on the data aggregates be affected?

- A. During B2B processing, clients will be unable to write data.
- B. Data aggregates will not be affected by B2B processing on another aggregate.
- C. During B2B processing, all I/O to the node is stopped.
- D. During B2B processing, clients will be unable to read data.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Question: 2

Recently, a CIFS SVM was deployed and is working. The customer wants to use the Dynamic DNS (DDNS) capability available in NetApp ONTAP to easily advertise both data UFs to their clients. Currently, DNS is only responding with one data LIF. DDNS is enabled on the domain controllers.

```

vserver      lif      data-protocol is-dns-update-enabled
-----
svml         cifs_01 nfs,cifs      true
svml         cifs_02 cifs          true
svml         mgmt     none          false
3 entries were displayed.

```

```

cluster1::*> vserver services dns dynamic-update show
Vserver      Is-Enabled Use-Secure Vserver FQDN      TTL
-----
svml         false      false      svml.demo.net  24h

```

Referring to the exhibit, which two actions should be performed to enable DDNS updates to work? (Choose two.)

- A. Disable the `-vserver-fqdn` parameter for the SVM DDNS services.
- B. Remove the NFS protocol from the `cifs_01` data LIF.
- C. Enable the `-use-secure` parameter for the SVM DDNS services.
- D. Enable the `-is-enabled` parameter for the SVM DDNS services

Answer: A, D

Explanation:

Question: 3

A customer is calling you to troubleshoot why users are unable to connect to their CIFS SVM.

```
ClusterB:~> storage disk show -broken

Original Owner: Node03
Checksum Compatibility: block

Physical Disk                               Drawer Usable
Chan  Pool  Type      Outage Reason  HA Shelf Bay /Slot  Size
-----
--
1.0.2  FAILED BSAS  7200    failed        3b   0  2  -/-  B
1.62TB 1.62TB

ClusterB:~> cluster ring show
Node      UnitName Epoch  DB Epoch DB Trnxs Master  Online
-----
Node03    mgmt     11      11      4875  Node04 secondary
Node03    v1db     0        11      358   -      offline
Node03    vifmgr   11      11      4892  Node04 secondary
Node03    bcomd   11      11      62    Node04 secondary
Node03    crs      11      11      6     Node04 secondary
Node04    mgmt     11      11      4875  Node04 master
Node04    v1db     0        11      358   -      offline
Node04    vifmgr   11      11      4892  Node04 master
Node04    bcomd   11      11      62    Node04 master
Node04    crs      11      11      6     Node04 master
10 entries were displayed.

ClusterB:~> system node run -node Node04 -command aggr status -r aggr2
Aggregate aggr2 (online, raid_dp, degraded) (block checksums)
Flex /aggr2/plex0 (online, normal, active, pool10)
RAID group /aggr2/plex0/xg0 (degraded, block checksums)

RAID Disk Device      HA SHELF BAY CHAN Pool Type  RPM  Used (MB/blks)  Phys
(MB/blks)
-----
-----
oparity  FAILED
parity   3c.0.11      3c   0  11  SA:B  0  BSAS  7200  2538546/ -
2543634/5209362816
data     3c.0.12      3c   0  12  SA:B  0  BSAS  7200  2538546/5198943744
2543634/5209362816
data     3c.0.13      3c   0  13  SA:B  0  BSAS  7200  2538546/5198943744
2543634/5209362816
data     3c.0.14      3c   0  14  SA:B  0  BSAS  7200  2538546/5198943744
2543634/5209362816
```

Referring to the Information shown in the exhibit, what is the source of the problem?

- A. The v1db database is offline.
- B. The aggregate aggr2 has a failed disk.
- C. The databases on Node03 must be switched from secondary to master.
- D. The broken disk in Node03 is the source of the problem.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Question: 4

You have a customer who is concerned with high CPU and disk utilization on their SnapMirror destination system. They are worried about high CPU and disk usage without any user operations.

In this situation, what should you tell the customer?

- A. Suggest that the customer manually cancel any scanners on the destination to reduce CPU usage.
- B. Explain that background tasks such as SnapMirror throttle up in the absence of user workload.
- C. Suggest that the customer throttle their SnapMirror relationships to reduce resource consumption.
- D. Explain that only user workload should use the CPU and Investigate further.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Question: 5

You are attempting to connect a NetApp ONTAP cluster to a very complex network that requires LIFs to fail over across subnets.

How would you accomplish this task?

- A. Configure an equal number of UFs on each subnet.
- B. Configure VIP LIFs using OSPF.
- C. Configure VIP LIFs using BGP.
- D. Configure a LIF failover policy for each subnet inside a single broadcast domain.

Answer: C

Explanation: